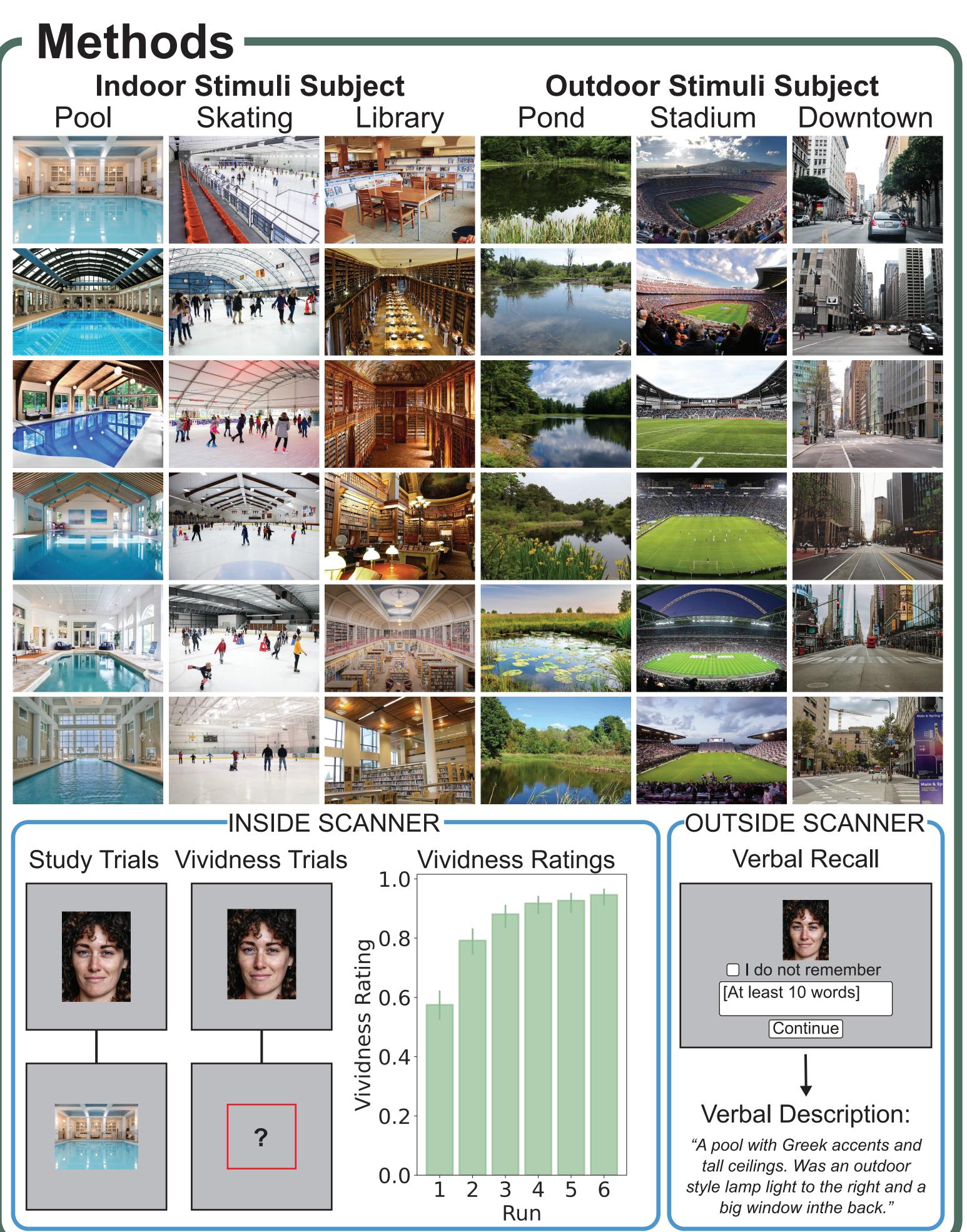
Natural Scene Representations in Parietal Cortex Predict Fine-Grained Representational Structure of Verbal Recall Anisha S. Babu¹, Zhifang Ye¹, Brice A. Kuhl¹, ¹Psychology Department, University of Oregon

Introduction

- Human fMRI studies have used pattern-based methods to map neural activity patterns to the contents of memories^{1,2}
- These studies have largely focused on simple, objective properties of stimuli
- However, memory recall is complex and subjective^{3,4}
- Importantly, the way in which memory content is quantified may dictate the brain regions involved
- Goal of current study: Compare neural representations of complex memory content using two different measures of content:
- A convolutional neural network (VGG16) applied directly to naturalistic scene images
- •Natural language processing algorithm applied to verbal recall of naturalistic scene images
- Do these measures differentially explain representational structure in the brain?



Quantifying Image Features

